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APPLICATION NO. CONFIRMATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 10/010,947 11/06/2001 40655.7600 Mark Haines 5619 66170 07/23/2007 7590 **EXAMINER** AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVEL RELATED SERVICES CO., INC. ALVAREZ, RAQUEL c/o SNELL & WILMER, L.L.P. ONE ARIZONA CENTER **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER 400 E. VAN BUREN STREET PHOENIX, AZ 85004-2202 3622 MAIL DATE **DELIVERY MODE** 07/23/2007 **PAPER**

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/010,947	HAINES ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Raquel Alvarez	3622
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 May 2007</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6 and 22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6 and 22 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers		
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/12/06, 10/12/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

Application/Control Number: 10/010,947 Page 2

Art Unit: 3622

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to communication filed on 5/7/2007.

- 2. Applicant has elected Group I, consisting of claims 1-6 and 22.
- 3. The terminal disclaimer filed on 2/5/2007 was disapproved because the attorney or agent, who signed the Terminal disclaimer is not of record.

Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 1-6 and 22 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-67 of copending Application No. 09/836,213. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant application further recites conducting a search for said manufacturer across a plurality of retailers. Official

notice is taken that it is old and well known for manufacturers to conduct searches of retailers in order to let manufacturers search for the retailers where they want to market their products or services. It would have been obvious so a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have included conducting a search for said manufacturer across a plurality of retailers in order to obtain the above mentioned advantage.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Claim 1 recites the limitation "said manufacturer item identifier" in lines 10-11 and line 14. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

. Art Unit: 3622

9. Claims 1-4 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Awadallah.

With respect to claims 1 and 22, Awadallah teaches a method for facilitating a purchase transaction (Abstract). Receiving from a consumer a retailer item identifier (i.e. the user search for an item such as PDA)(see Figure 1, item 106 and Figure 2A, item 208,); associating said retailer item identifier with a first manufacturer item identifier directly corresponding to said retail item identifier (i.e. it correlates the item identifier with different brand names or manufacturer of the item)(see Figure 4B); conducting a first search for said manufacturer item identifier across a plurality of retailers (i.e. it determines the retailer that can offered the manufactured item)(Figure 4B); facilitating a purchase transaction between said consumer and one of said plurality of retailers (see Figure 4C and 5).

With respect to associating said retailer identifier with a second manufacturer item identifier with a second item identifier indirectly corresponding when said first search does not return any of said plurality of retailers directly corresponding to said manufacturer item identifier. Awadallah teaches taking into account out of stock items and items not carried by a merchant (figures 4C) and recommending to the user an equivalent manufactured item (Figure 4B).

With respect to claim 2, Awadallah further teaches transmitting the search results to said consumer (see Figures 2A, 2B, 4B, 5).

Application/Control Number: 10/010,947

Art Unit: 3622

With respect to claim 3, Awadallah teaches receiving search criteria from said consumer (Figure 2A, 3, 4B).

With respect to claim 4, Awadallah teaches the search criteria comprises an item description (Figure 2A, 3, 4B).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Awadallah.

Claim 5 further recites receiving a pre-authorization to automatically purchase an item from a retailer and receiving a confirmation that the transaction has been completed. Official notice is taken that it is old and well known to pre authorize transactions that meet certain criteria. For example, E-bay automatically enters a transaction for a user if the user criteria is met. The customer sets a pre-authorize maximum price that he is willing to pay for an item and if the item is at the particular price, the user's credit card is charged with the item's amount. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have included receiving a pre-authorization to automatically purchase an item from a retailer

Art Unit: 3622

and receiving a confirmation that the transaction has been completed to provide convenience and speed the process of purchase.

Claim 6 further recites facilitating a purchase comprises receiving a stored transaction card number. Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known for merchants to store customer's credit card numbers in order to facilitate further purchases or payments. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have included facilitating a purchase comprises receiving a stored transaction card number in order to achieve the above mentioned advantage.

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1-6 and 22 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

Art Unit: 3622

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Point of contact

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raquel Alvarez whose telephone number is (571)272-6715. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric w. Stamber can be reached on (571)272-6724. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 10/010,947

Art Unit: 3622

Raquel Alvarez Primary Examiner (Art Unit 3622

R.A. 7/11/2007 Page 8